

FACIT

106

Några rena proceduruppgifter om att lösa ekvationssystem algebraiskt

1. Lös ekvationssystemet

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 5y = 23 \\ -3x + 3y = 9 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 1 \\ y = 4 \end{cases}$$

Add. metoden

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 5y = 23 \\ -3x + 3y = 9 \\ \hline 0x + 8y = 32 \\ 8y = 32 \\ y = \frac{32}{8} = 4 \end{array}$$

$$y = 4 \text{ ger: } 3x + 5 \cdot 4 = 23 \\ \text{i } \textcircled{1} \quad 3x + 20 = 23 \\ 3x = 3 \\ x = \frac{3}{3} = 1$$

Subst. metoden

Lös ut y ur $\textcircled{2}$

$$3y = 9 + 3x \\ y = (3 + x)$$

Sätt in i $\textcircled{1}$

$$3x + 5 \cdot (3 + x) = 23$$

$$3x + 15 + 5x = 23$$

$$8x + 15 = 23$$

$$8x - 8$$

$$x = 1$$

$$y = (3 + x) = [x = 1] = 4$$

2. Lös ekvationssystemet

$$\begin{cases} 2x + 3y = 7 \\ 4x - 3y = 23 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 5 \\ y = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$2x + 3y = 7$$

$$4x - 3y = 23$$

$$6x + 0y = 30$$

$$6x = 30$$

$$x = \frac{30}{6} = 5$$

$$x = 5 \text{ ger } 2 \cdot 5 + 3y = 7$$

$$\text{i } \textcircled{1} \quad 10 + 3y = 7$$

$$y = -1$$

Lös ut x ur $\textcircled{1}$

$$2x = 7 - 3y$$

$$x = (3,5 - 1,5y)$$

Sätt in i $\textcircled{2}$

$$4 \cdot (3,5 - 1,5y) - 3y = 23$$

$$14 - 6y - 3y = 23$$

$$14 - 9y = 23$$

$$9y = 14 - 23 = -9$$

$$y = -1$$

$$x = (3,5 - 1,5y) = [y = -1] = 5$$

3. Lös ekvationssystemet

$$\begin{cases} 3x - 3y = 3 \\ -6x + 10y = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 3 \\ y = 2 \end{cases}$$

Gånger $\textcircled{1}$ med 2

$$6x - 6y = 6$$

$$-6x + 10y = 2$$

$$0x + 4y = 8$$

$$4y = 8$$

$$y = 2$$

$$y = 2 \text{ ger } 3x - 3 \cdot 2 = 3$$

$$\text{i } \textcircled{1} \quad 3x - 6 = 3$$

$$3x = 9$$

$$x = \frac{9}{3} = 3$$

Lös ut x ur $\textcircled{1}$

$$3x = 3 + 3y$$

$$x = (1 + 1y)$$

Sätt in i $\textcircled{2}$

$$-6 \cdot (1 + 1y) + 10y = 2$$

$$-6 - 6y + 10y = 2$$

$$4y - 6 = 2$$

$$4y = 8$$

$$y = \frac{8}{4} = 2$$

$$x = (1 + 1y) = [y = 2] = 3$$

4. Lös ekvationssystemet

$$\begin{cases} x - 2y = -5 \\ 2x + y = 20 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 7 \\ y = 6 \end{cases}$$

Add. metoden

Gånger (2) med 2

$$x - 2y = -5$$

$$4x + 2y = 40$$

$$5x + 0y = 35$$

$$5x = 35$$

$$x = \frac{35}{5} = 7$$

$$x = 7 \text{ ger } 2 \cdot 7 + y = 20$$

$$\text{i (2)} \quad 14 + y = 20$$

$$y = 6$$

Subst. metoden

Lös ut y ur (2)

$$y = 20 - 2x$$

Sätt in i (1)

$$x - 2 \cdot (20 - 2x) = -5$$

$$x - 40 + 4x = -5$$

$$5x - 40 = -5$$

$$5x = 35$$

$$x = \frac{35}{5} = 7$$

$$y = (20 - 2x) = [x = 7] = 6$$

5. Lös ekvationssystemet

$$\begin{cases} 6x + 10y = 42 \\ -2x + 5y = 11 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 2 \\ y = 3 \end{cases}$$

Gånger (2) med 3

$$6x + 10y = 42$$

$$-6x + 15y = 33$$

$$0x + 25y = 75$$

$$25y = 75$$

$$y = \frac{75}{25} = 3$$

$$y = 3 \text{ ger } 6x + 10 \cdot 3 = 42$$

$$\text{i (1)} \quad 6x + 30 = 42$$

$$6x = 12$$

$$x = 2$$

Lös ut x ur (1)

$$6x = 42 - 10y$$

$$x = (7 - \frac{10}{6}y)$$

Sätt in i (2)

$$-2 \cdot (7 - \frac{10}{6}y) + 5y = 11$$

$$-14 + \frac{10y}{3} + 5y = 11$$

$$\frac{10y}{3} + \frac{15y}{3} = 25$$

$$\frac{25y}{3} = 25$$

$$y = 3$$

$$x = (7 - \frac{10}{6}y) = [y = 3] = 7 - 5 = 2$$

y är redan klar att sättas in.

$$y = (4 + 2x) \text{ sättas in i (2)}$$

$$4 + 2x = -6 - 3x$$

$$[+3x] \quad [+3x]$$

$$4 + 5x = -6$$

$$5x = -10$$

$$x = -2$$

$$y = (4 + 2x) = [x = -2] = 0$$

6. Lös ekvationssystemet

$$\begin{cases} y = 4 + 2x \\ y = -6 - 3x \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = -2 \\ y = 0 \end{cases}$$

Skriv på standard form:

$$y - 2x = 4$$

$$y + 3x = -6$$

Gånger (1) med -1

$$-y + 2x = -4$$

$$y + 3x = -6$$

$$0y + 5x = -10$$

$$5x = -10$$

$$x = -2$$

$$x = -2 \text{ ger } y + 3 \cdot (-2) = -6$$

$$\text{i (2)} \quad y - 6 = -6$$

$$y = 0$$

7. Lös uppgiften ifrån gamla NP-prov nedan

Lös ekvationssystemen med algebraisk metod.

a)
$$\begin{cases} y - 2x = 5 \\ 2y - x = 4 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = -2 \\ y = 1 \end{cases}$$

Add. metoden

Gånger (1) med -2

$$\begin{array}{r} -2y + 4x = -10 \\ 2y - x = 4 \\ \hline 0y + 3x = -6 \\ 3x = -6 \\ x = -2 \end{array}$$

$x = -2$ ger i (1)

$$\begin{aligned} y - 2 \cdot (-2) &= 5 \\ y + 4 &= 5 \\ y &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

b)
$$\begin{cases} 2x - y = -9 \\ 5x + 2y = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = -2 \\ y = 5 \end{cases}$$

Gånger (1) med 2

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x - 2y = -18 \\ 5x + 2y = 0 \\ \hline 9x + 0y = -18 \\ 9x = -18 \\ x = \frac{-18}{9} = -2 \end{array}$$

$x = -2$ ger i (2)

$$\begin{aligned} 5 \cdot (-2) + 2y &= 0 \\ -10 + 2y &= 0 \\ 2y &= 10 \\ y &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

Subst. metoden

Lös ut y ur (1)

$$y = (5 + 2x)$$

Sätt in i (2)

$$2 \cdot (5 + 2x) - x = 4$$

$$10 + 4x - x = 4$$

$$10 + 3x = 4$$

$$3x = -6$$

$$x = -2$$

$$y = (5 + 2x) = [x = -2] = 1$$

Lös ut y ur (2)

$$2y = -5x$$

$$y = (-2,5x)$$

Sätt in i (1)

$$2x - (-2,5x) = -9$$

$$2x + 2,5x = -9$$

$$4,5x = -9$$

$$x = \frac{-9}{4,5} = -2$$

$$y = (-2,5x) = [x = -2] = 5$$

8. Lös ekvationssystemet

$$\begin{cases} 5y = 23 + x \\ 5x + 5y = 5 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = -3 \\ y = 4 \end{cases}$$

Skriv på standardform

$$-x + 5y = 23$$

$$5x + 5y = 5$$

Gånger (2) med -1

$$-x + 5y = 23$$

$$-5x - 5y = -5$$

$$\hline -6x + 0y = 18$$

$$-6x = 18$$

$$x = \frac{18}{-6} = -3$$

$x = -3$ ger i (1)

$$\begin{aligned} -(-3) + 5y &= 23 \\ 3 + 5y &= 23 \\ 5y &= 20 \\ y &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

Lös ut y ur (2)

$$5y = 5 - 5x$$

$$y = \frac{5 - 5x}{5} = (1 - 1x)$$

Sätt in i (1)

$$5 \cdot (1 - 1x) = 23 + x$$

$$5 - 5x = 23 + x$$

$$\begin{array}{l} [5x] \quad [+5x] \\ 5 = 23 + 6x \end{array}$$

$$-18 = 6x$$

$$-3 = x$$

$$y = (1 - 1x) = [x = -3] = 4$$

9. Lös ekvationssystemet

$$\begin{cases} 4x - 2y = 36 \\ 3x + 5y = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 7 \\ y = -4 \end{cases}$$

Add. metoden

Gånger ① med 5

Gånger ② med 2

$$20x - 10y = 180$$

$$6x + 10y = 2$$

$$26x + 0y = 182$$

$$26x = 182$$

$$x = \frac{182}{26} = 7$$

$x = 7$ ger
i ②

$$3 \cdot (7) + 5y = 1$$

$$21 + 5y = 1$$

$$5y = -20$$

$$y = -4$$

Subst. metoden

Lös ut y ur ①

$$4x = 36 + 2y$$

$$2y = 4x - 36$$

$$y = (2x - 18)$$

Sätt in i ②

$$3x + 5 \cdot (2x - 18) = 1$$

$$3x + 10x - 90 = 1$$

$$13x = 91$$

$$x = 7$$

$$y = (2x - 18) = [x = 7] = -4$$

10. Lös ekvationssystemet

$$\begin{cases} 4x - 5y = 16 \\ x + 2y = 17 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 9 \\ y = 4 \end{cases}$$

Gånger ② med -4

$$4x - 5y = 16$$

$$-4x - 8y = -68$$

$$0x - 13y = -52$$

$$y = \frac{-52}{-13} = 4$$

$y = 4$ ger
i ②

$$x + 2 \cdot 4 = 17$$

$$x + 8 = 17$$

$$x = 17 - 8 = 9$$

Lös ut x ur ②

$$x = (17 - 2y)$$

Sätt in i ①

$$4 \cdot (17 - 2y) - 5y = 16$$

$$68 - 8y - 5y = 16$$

$$68 - 13y = 16$$

$$[-13y] \quad [+13y]$$

$$68 = 16 + 13y$$

$$68 - 16 = 13y$$

$$52 = 13y$$

$$y = \frac{52}{13} = 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow x &= 17 - 2y \\ &= [y = 4] \\ &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

11. Lös ekvationssystemet

$$\begin{cases} 3x = 15 + 5y \\ 2x = 3 + y \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 0 \\ y = -3 \end{cases}$$

Skriv på standardform

$$3x - 5y = 15$$

$$2x - y = 3$$

Gånger ② med -5

$$3x - 5y = 15$$

$$-10x + 5y = -15$$

$$-7x + 0y = 0$$

$$-7x = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

$x = 0$ ger
i ②

$$2 \cdot 0 = 3 + y$$

$$y = -3$$

Lös ut x ur ②

$$x = (1,5 + 0,5y)$$

Sätt in i ①

$$3 \cdot (1,5 + 0,5y) = 15 + 5y$$

$$4,5 + 1,5y = 15 + 5y$$

$$-1,5y \quad (-1,5y)$$

$$4,5 = 15 + 3,5y$$

$$4,5 - 15 = 3,5y$$

$$-10,5 = 3,5y$$

$$-3 = \frac{10,5}{3,5} = y$$

$$x = (1,5 + 0,5y) = [y = -3] = 0$$